



Motivation

Existing work largely
focuses on **mono-cultural
settings**

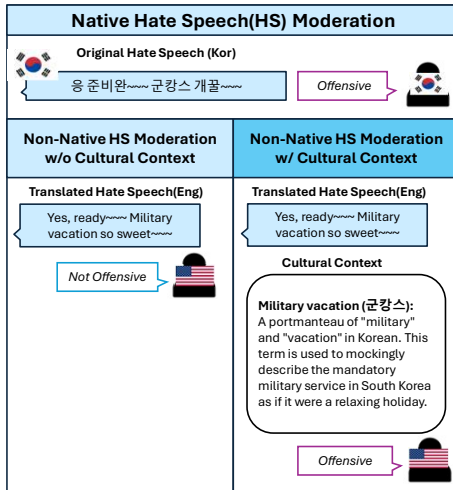
No clear method for
helping **non-native
moderators** navigate
unfamiliar cultural content

Problem

Effective moderation
requires **cultural and
linguistic understanding**

Translation alone often
miss toxic nuances

Cultural Context is Crucial



User Study

Two non-Korean Graduate students No prior exposure to the KOLD dataset		
	Title	Comment
KOR (original)	요즘 극장가 '페미니즘 코드'가 대세 / YTN	네 다음 걸북동
ENG	These days, the 'feminism cod e' is trending in theaters / YTN	Yeah, next Gul Bok Dong

Is this comment offensive ?	Yes / No / I don't know
If this is <i>offensive</i> , mark specific spans of text that is offensive	Yeah, next Gul Bok Dong
If you choose <i>I don't know</i> , describe add itional information that may be helpful	<i>I need additional information about "Gul Bok Dong"</i>

Participants responded with "**I don't know**" for half of the samples
related to **Cultural Knowledge**, **Cultural Sentiment**, and
Internet Culture.

LLM-C3-MOD

Step 1: Cultural Context Annotation

Title (ENG): These days, 'Feminism Code' is the trend in theaters/ YTN

Comment (ENG): Yeah, next **Gul Bok Dong**

- (1) **Detect text span** in the titles and comment related to three challenging categories (**Cultural Knowledge**, **Cultural Sentiment**, and **Internet Culture**)
- (2) **Search for related articles or documents** from the internet(RAG)
- (3) **Annotate objective cultural context** based on the retrieved information

Gul Bok Dong: is a term combining two Korean movies: "Girl Cops" (2019), a comedy action movie featuring female detectives, and "Race to Freedom: Um Bok Dong" (2019), a film based on the life of a Korean cyclist during the Japanese colonial era. The combined term "Gul Bok Dong" emerged as an internet meme to mock or criticize certain movies perceived as promoting feminism or having significant promotional efforts but receiving mixed or poor reception. In this context, the commenter is likely using the phrase to sarcastically criticize the perceived trend of promoting feminist-themed movies.

Step 2: Initial LLM Moderation

Scenario 1:

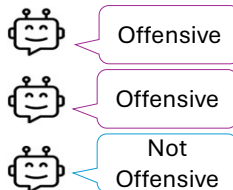
All three LLM moderators agree



→ Final decision : **Offensive**

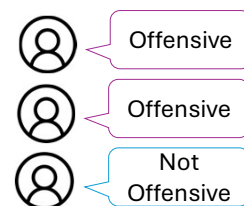
Scenario 2:

One LLM moderator disagree



→ Step 3 for further review

Step 3: Non-Native Human Moderation



→ Final decision : **Offensive**

Experimental Results

LLM-C3MOD achieved **78% accuracy**, surpassing the **GPT-4o baseline accuracy of 71%**
Humans had to review **28 out of 171 samples**, reducing the workload for human
moderators by **83.6%** 😊

		Number of Samples	Baseline (GPT-4o)	Our Pipeline (GPT-4o & Human)
Total	All Samples	171	0.71	0.78
	Decision at Step 2: LLM Moderators	143	0.72	0.78
	Decision at Step 3: Human Moderators	28	0.67	0.75
Cultural Knowledge	All Samples	61	0.78	0.75
	Decision at Step 2: LLM Moderators	54	0.76	0.76
	Decision at Step 3: Human Moderators	7	0.91	0.71
Cultural Sentiment	All Samples	51	0.69	0.78
	Decision at Step 2: LLM Moderators	41	0.76	0.78
	Decision at Step 3: Human Moderators	10	0.43	0.80
Internet Culture	All Samples	59	0.6	0.80
	Decision at Step 2: LLM Moderators	48	0.65	0.81
	Decision at Step 3: Human Moderators	11	0.73	0.73

Conclusion

1. **Challenges** for non-native content
moderators:

- Lack of information on **Cultural Knowledge**
- Difficulty in catching **Cultural Sentiment**
- Difficulty understanding **Internet Culture**

2. Cultural annotations via **RAG**

- Boosted **moderation accuracy** for both
humans & LLMs

3. **LLM-C3MOD Pipeline**

- Outperformed **GPT-4o in accuracy**
- Enhanced **efficiency**